- 1 The Physiatric History and Physical Examination
- 2 Examination of the Pediatric Patient
- 3 Rehabilitation of Swallowing Disorders
- 4 Psychological Assessment and Intervention in Rehabilitation
- 5 Practical Aspects of Impairment Rating and Disability Determination
- 6 Occupational Medicine and Vocational Rehabilitation
- 7 Quality and Outcome Measures for Medical Rehabilitation
- 8 Electrodiagnostic Medicine
- 9 Rehabilitation and Prosthetic Restoration in Upper Limb Amputation
- 10 Lower Limb Amputation and Gait
- 11 Upper Limb Orthotic Devices
- 12 Lower Limb Orthoses
- 13 Spinal Orthoses
- 14 Wheelchairs and Seating Systems
- 15 Therapeutic Exercise
- 16 Manipulation, Traction, and Massage
- 17 Physical Agent Modalities
- 18 Integrative Medicine in Rehabilitation
- 19 Assistive Technology and Environmental Control Devices
- 20 Neurogenic Lower Urinary Tract Dysfunction
- 21 Neurogenic Bowel: Dysfunction and Rehabilitation
- 22 Sexual Dysfunction and Disability
- 23 Spasticity
- 24 Prevention and Management of Chronic Wounds
- 25 Vascular Diseases
- 26 Burns
- 27 Acute Medical Conditions: Cardiopulmonary Disease, Medical Frailty, and Renal

Failure

- 28 Chronic Medical Conditions: Pulmonary Disease, Organ Transplantation, and Diabetes
- 29 Cancer Rehabilitation
- 30 Geriatrics
- 31 Rheumatologic Rehabilitation
- 32 Common Neck Problems

- 33 Low Back Disorders
- 34 Osteoporosis
- 35 Upper Limb Pain and Dysfunction
- 36 Lower Limb Pain and Dysfunction
- 37 Chronic Pain
- 38 Pelvic Floor Disorders
- 39 Sports Medicine and Adaptive Sports
- 40 Motor Neuron Diseases
- 41 Neuropathies
- 42 Myopathic Disorders
- 43 Traumatic Brain Injury
- 44 Stroke Rehabilitation
- 45 Degenerative Movement Disorders of the Central Nervous System
- 46 Multiple Sclerosis
- 47 Cerebral Palsy
- 48 Myelomeningocele and Other Spinal Dysraphisms
- 49 Spinal Cord Injury
- 50 Auditory, Vestibular, and Visual Impairments